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## Age Structure and Population Growth. <u>Due March 29</u>.

## 48 points total

1) 6 points: Print (or sketch) age structures for two different countries, areas, or other groups that interest you. To do this, go to <a href="http://www.census.gov/ipc/www/idb/informationGateway.php">http://www.census.gov/ipc/www/idb/informationGateway.php</a> choose a country or region, and click 'submit.' Then click the "populations pyramids" tab.

Note – the projections for the future presented at this site are based on the most complete and accurate data available to the US census bureau. They use standard approaches to account for expected changes in mortality (e.g., expected increases in AIDS-based mortality), natality (births, including expected changes in contraceptive use and other behaviors), and immigration.. However, they are still projections, and may prove to be incorrect. If you're interested in learning more, the methods and expectations they use are explained here: <a href="http://www.census.gov/ipc/www/idb/estandproj.php">http://www.census.gov/ipc/www/idb/estandproj.php</a>

**2) 6 points.** From the same website, <u>for both countries areas</u>, <u>or other groups</u>, go to the 'demographic indicators' tab, and fill in the table on the next page with vital statistics (e.g., r and N), and record them in the table.

For your <u>projections</u>, do the calculation yourself based on 'N' and 'r' for 2010. Be sure to <u>set up and solve the equations</u> to calculate the expected population size 10, 50, 100, and 200 years into the future. That is, write out the equation with the values you feed into it, then the calculated answer. E.g.,  $N_t = N_o e^{rt} = 10$ million \* 2.718<sup>(0.01 \* 100)</sup> = 27.18 million

NOTE: at this site, the "rate of natural increase" is reported in percent, so in your calculations you must divide the reported value of 'r' by 100. That is, if rate of natural increase = 1%, r = 0.01.

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	COUNTRY 1	COUNTRY 2
Country Name		
Where is this country?		
What type of country is this?		
(Rich, poor, at war, etc)		
Population size this year		
Growth rate (per capita rate of		
increase) /yr. Report as a %		
value		
Crude Birth Rate (Births/1000		
population/year)		
Crude Death Rate (Deaths/1000		
population/year)		
Life Expectancy at birth (years)		
Net migration rate (migrants per		
1,000 population)		
YOU calculate the values below.  Divide the 'r' value (in %) by  100 for the calculations		
Doubling (or halving) time $(\ln(2)/r)$		
` ` ` '		
YOUR projections for the future: (calculate using $N_t = N_o e^{rt}$ )		
15 years		
25 years		
50 years		
100 years		

Name:
3) 6 points Comment on the birth rates, death rates, and r's for these countries—for example are they high or low relative to one another, or compared to other countries in their region? Are differences between the countries in demographic factors mostly a result of differences in birth rates or death rates?
4) 6 points. Compare the current age structures and population growth rates for the two countries and suggest explanations for any differences between them.
5) 6 points. For EACH country, verbally compare the age structure for this year to that projected for 15 years in the future (to see the pyramid for that year, scroll below the pyramid figure, click on that year and click submit. To see both years at once, press and hold 'control' and choose the years you want to compare, then click 'submit'). Suggest some possible explanations for any differences that develop over time.

Name:		
6) Projected population sizes a) 4 points. Comment on think these projections are likely	n your projected population size y to actually occur? Why/why	•
b) 4 points. Do your proby the website? Why/why not?	jections for the next 15 years a	gree with those provided
c) 4 points. Discuss spec your projections.	rific assumptions of the growth	model that may apply to
4) 6 points. Now choose one of increasing and decreasing r by 0 listed in the previous table for th for 50 years in the future = to predict population size chang Country name:	0.01 (1 percentage point). Use ne center column (r =; N), then use r's that you in	the r and projections you I for this year=, N acrease or decrease by 0.01
	Increase r by 0.01	Decrease r by 0.01
Dopulation actimate for 50	r =	r =
Population estimate for 50		
years from now		

<u>Comment</u> on the importance of these 1 percentage point differences in growth rate.