

# How to use it

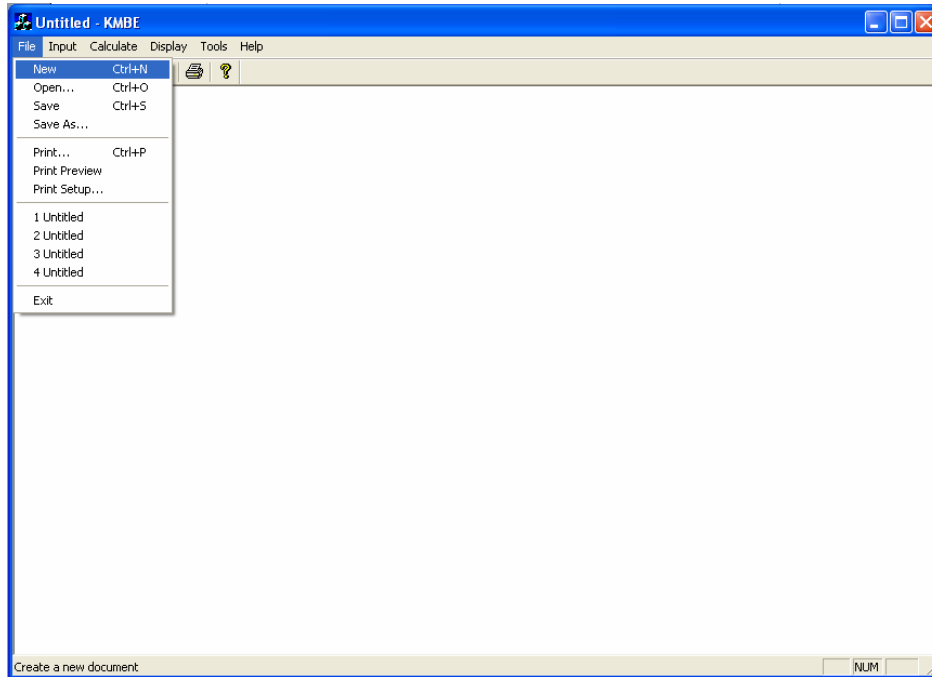
## Environment

To run the program, Visual C++ 6.0 or upper version is needed.

## How to use it

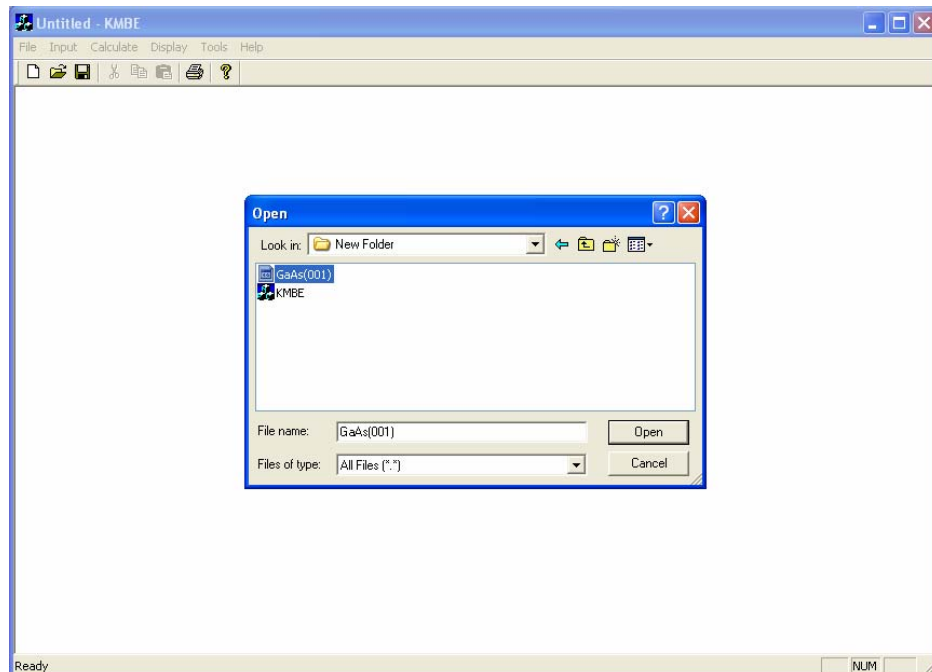
Step 1: Start a project

a. Start from a new project



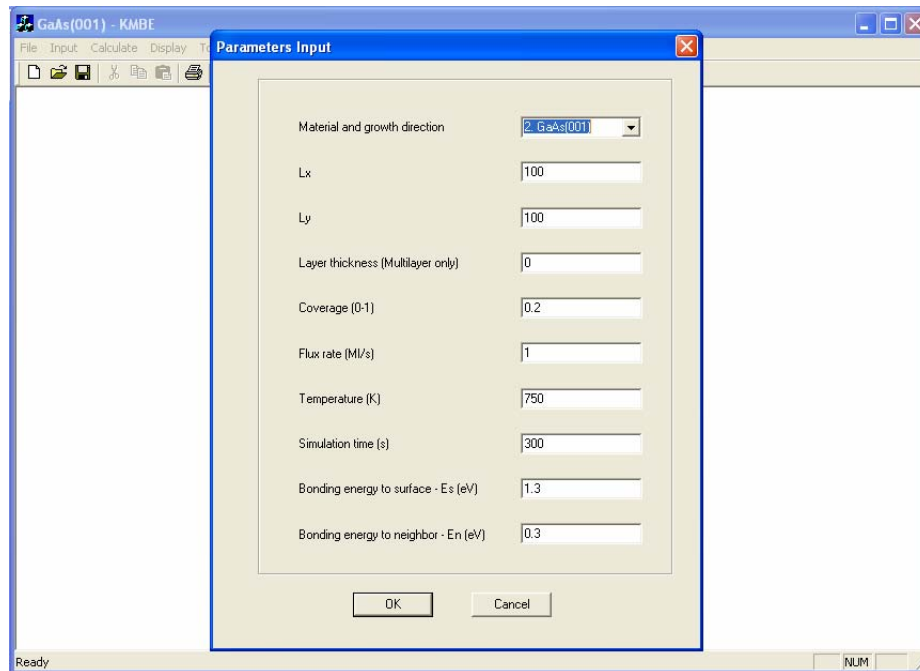
Open a new project

b. Start from an existed project



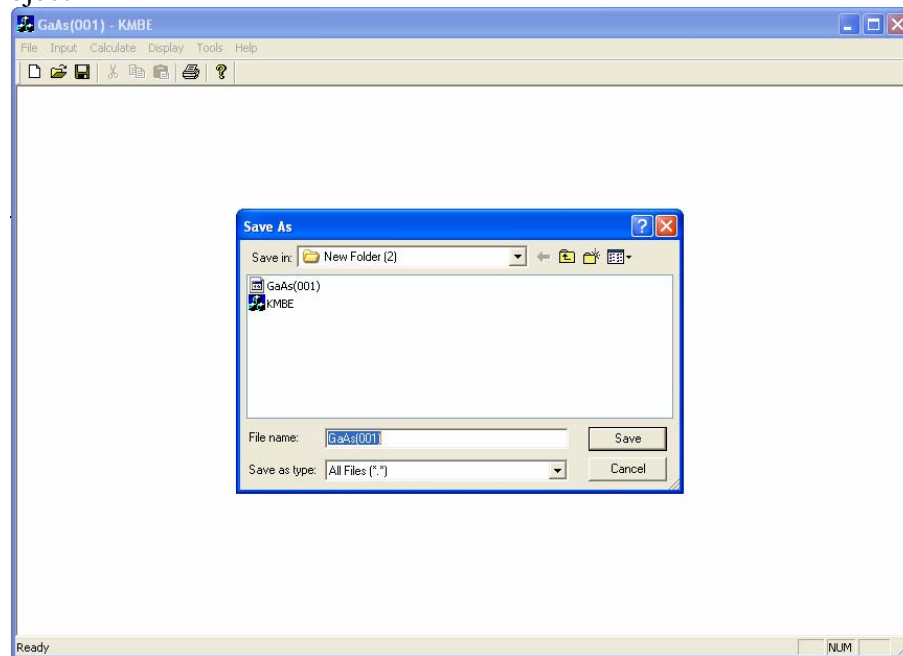
Open an existed project

## Step 2: Input parameters



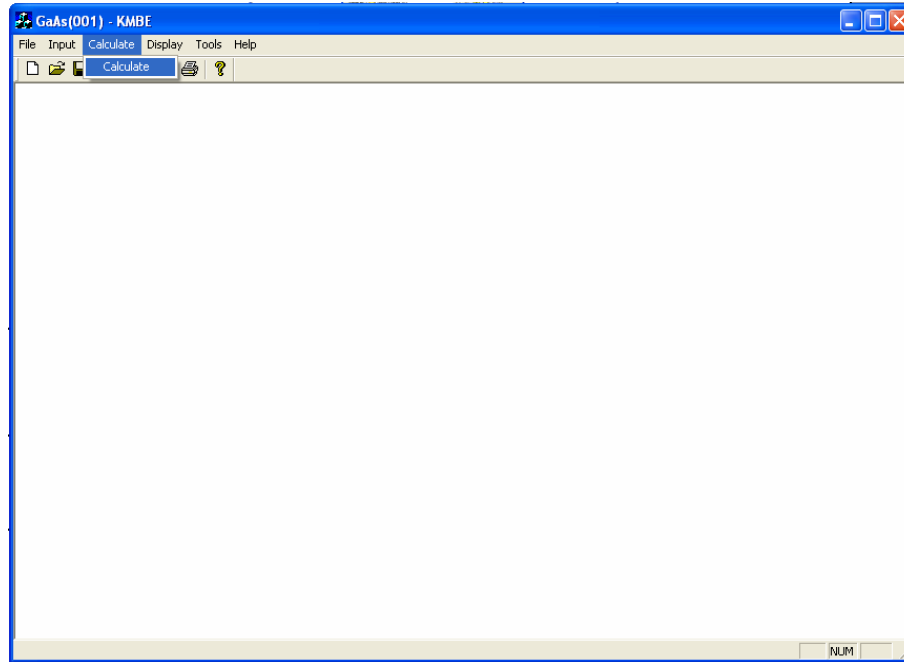
Input parameters

## Step 3: Save the project



Save the project

#### Step 4: Execute calculation



Execute calculation

#### Step 5: Find your output file

Results are written into a *.txt* file automatically. You can find output file named *output* under the same directory where your project saved.

#### Illustration of input parameters

There are totally 10 parameters required for running the program.

*Material and growth direction*: isotropic and anisotropic (GaAs) materials are all included in this program. For anisotropic material, three different growth directions can be chosen. They are GaAs(001), GaAs(111), and GaAs(113).

*Coverage (0-1)*: total coverage of atoms, expected coverage.

*Lx, Ly*: x dimension and y dimension.

*Flux rate (Ml/s)*: flux rate wanted to apply.

*Temperature (K)*: simulation temperature wanted to apply.

*Simulation time (t)*: time used for atoms diffusing.

*Bonding energy to surface & Bonding energy to neighbor*: here we assume these two parameters are all constant.  $E_s=1.3$  (eV), and  $E_n=0.3$ (eV).

#### Illustration of the out put file

*Original atoms' coordinates are given.*

It shows us atoms' coordinates immediately after randomly deposition. The first column is the atom number; the second column is the x-coordinate of the atom; the third column is the y-coordinate of the atom.

*Coordinates which change within required simulation time will be export to the output file every 10 minutes simulate time.*

In this part, the format is a little bit different from the original coordinates. The first column is the x-coordinates of the atoms; the second column is the y-coordinates; the third column indicates the strain pattern.

*For each output step, total simulation time, total moving steps are revealed at the beginning of each output step.*  
For example,

```
“Simulation Time = 10  
Total Steps =2818297  
Atom Coordinate  
COORDINATE and STRAIN PATTERN  
.....”
```

#### *Final coordinates*

In this section, final coordinates according to required simulation time are presented. Similarly, the first column is the x-coordinates of the atoms; the second column is the y-coordinates; the third column indicates the strain pattern.

#### **Post-process**

You can use any tool (such as *excel*, Matlab) you prefer to draw the figures which indicate the location of atoms according to the coordinates in the output file.